Why did Bloody Mary name提名 Elizabeth as her successor继任者?

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1. Mary revised修订 her will遗嘱 one last time after her husband, Philip of Spain, had departed分别 for his own realm. She’d never see him again, but she had no idea of不知道 that at the time. 修订
2. Mary was deathly非常 ill, though she didn’t know that, either也. Her body was swelling膨胀. and she thought she was pregnant. She was probably the only person who believed it.
3. The first time this had happened, Mary had rejoiced高兴+at along with the Catholic天主教 half of England. She experienced all of the signs of pregnancy: her menses月经 ceased, her breasts leaked漏 milk, and her stomach肚子 swelled. She believed she felt the baby move in her womb子宫 for the first time when she greeted迎接 Cardinal红衣主教 Pole, the papal legate使节 who came to restore恢复 England to the Catholic church. Menstruation月经 教皇使节
4. But the appointed time came and went with no labor分娩 commencing开始. The doctors assumed she must have miscalculated计算错误 her dates and changed the due date. Then they did it again. And again. Mary’s belly肚子 deflated泄气缩小/通货紧缩, along with her hopes. It must have been anguish痛苦 to have to admit there was no child and she must have been somehow mistaken. 指定的
5. People laughed at her. They still do, calling her experience a “hysterical歇斯底里的” pregnancy brought on导致 by the wild疯狂 longing she had for a baby, but a “hysterical” pregnancy wouldn’t have killed her the second time it happened. It’s now believed she had some sort of cancerous癌的 ovarian tumor肿瘤 that caused a hormonal激素 release释放 that simulated模拟 the symptoms症状 of pregnancy. 歇斯底里的 模拟
6. Around Easter 1558, Mary revised her will. “Thinking myself to be with child in lawful marriage…” Since Philip had departed the previous之前的 July, she would have had to thought herself near birth, and that terrifying使害怕 walk through穿过 the Valley of the Shadow that all laboring分娩 women in the era journeyed through when maternal妈妈的 death rates were sometimes as high as 20%.
7. "The valley of the shadow of death"暗指了耶稣的永恒的生命.这个短语出自希伯来圣经/旧约圣经的《诗篇》第23篇 (Psalm 23),是《诗篇》中较著名的一首.由于首句“上主是我的牧者”,有时称为Shepherd Psalm (牧者诗篇).

The Lord is my Shepherd; I shall not want.

He maketh me to lie down in green pastures:

He leadeth me beside the still waters.

He restoreth my soul:

He leadeth me in the paths of righteousness for His name' sake.

Yea,though I walk through the valley of the shadow of death,

I will fear no evil:For thou art with me;

Thy rod and thy staff,they comfort me.

Thou preparest a table before me in the presence of mine enemies;

Thou annointest my head with oil; My cup runneth over.

Surely goodness and mercy shall follow me all the days of my life,

and I will dwell in the House of the Lord forever.

"The valley of the shadow of death" (死荫的幽谷) 就在上文的第六行,以下为此经文的中文翻译:

耶和华是我的牧者；我必不至缺乏.

他使我躺卧在青草地上,

领我在可安歇的水边.

他使我的魂更醒,

为自己的名引导我走义路.

我虽然行过死荫的幽谷,

也不怕遭害,因为你与我同在；你的杖,你的竿,都安慰我.

在我敌人面前,你为我摆设筵席；

你用油膏了我的头,使我的福杯满溢.

我一生一世必有恩惠慈爱随着我,

我且要住在耶和华的殿中,直到永远.

7.

She left the throne to her baby, and the love of her subjects to her beloved husband.

But she seems to have doubted it herself. She never made the arrangements for a lying-in chamber. As spring turned into summer, it was obvious明显的 even to Mary that no child was on its way. The cancer was draining排水 her of her strength and vitality活力. She had few public events. There were no plays or revels狂欢作乐 at court臣民 狂欢作乐

8.By fall of 1558, Mary wasn’t doing well. She had a constant持续不断 low-grade fever, migraines偏头痛, poor appetite胃口, and “dropsy水肿” (or retention保存 of fluids液体). Her doctors bled放血 her frequently, cutting into the sole脚掌 of her foot to get a good vein静脉. In October, she made a revision修订 to her will: 水肿偏头痛体液潴留脚掌 静脉

9.She did not explicitly明确的 name Elizabeth as the heir. She said that the throne should be inherited as the law of England dictated命令. The law being the one her father had passed通过 by Act of Parliament议会 enshrining视作神圣 the succession继承权 to his son, Mary, and then Elizabeth, and after that, the children of his favorite sister, Mary Tudor Brandon. He is seventh in line of the succession 第七顺位继承人

10.Mary had seen that the will of the people was behind the line of succession. After all, she herself was on the throne because the people rose起义 up with her against her brother’s attempt to leave the throne to Jane Grey.

11.She had done what she could to try to ensure a Catholic succession. She had never wanted Elizabeth to rule after her, and had married despite尽管 the contemporary当代的 belief that a first pregnancy over the age of 35 was dangerous. She had tried to give England an heir. It had to be so bewildering困惑 to her that after everything she had done to “restore” the country to what was “right,” God had not seen fit to bless her endeavors努力 and keep the nation safe from Protestant rule. 新教

12.She had forced Elizabeth to attend参加 mass弥撒 during her reign, and had decided to accept the girl’s statement宣言 that her conversion转变信仰 to the faith was sincere真诚的, but legend has it she sent one of her servants to Elizabeth to make her promise to keep the realm Catholic in exchange for Mary’s codicil遗嘱的附录 that left the throne to her. Supposedly, Elizabeth promised readily乐意的. 弥撒 遗嘱的附录

13.She grew weaker daily, sleeping longer and longer hours, until finally, she didn’t leave her bed at all.

As Mary lay dying in St. James palace, the halls echoed with silence. Her court abandoned her and flocked蜂拥而至 to Elizabeth’s side, leaving only Mary’s most loyal courtiers侍从 with her. Jane Dormer later claimed Mary saw choirs of little children singing around her bed after she took communion at dawn黎明. Others say Mary fell asleep as soon as the service ended and died so quietly that no one noticed for a long while.